







Brain Sciences and How It Affects Children Accused of Crimes

Expert meeting



15,16,17 May 2023

Route d'Hermance 471 Hermance, Switzerland.









Introduction

Children and young people (CYP) who come into contact and / or conflict with the law are likely to have neuro-disability (ND). Neurodisability is an umbrella term that encapsulates a variety of congenital and acquired conditions which have an impact on the brain or central nervous system. There are a broad range of conditions included within this definition (for example Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), autism, acquired brain injury, foetal alcohol spectrum disorder, learning disabilities). However, impairments frequently affect domains like cognitive processing, emotion regulation, memory, behaviour (including difficulties with inhibition of inappropriate behaviours), social skills, and physical disability. The term is sometimes used interchangeably with 'neurodiversity' or 'neurodevelopmental disorder'. We choose here to use the term neurodisability, to recognise that our societal practices and norms can be disabling for children with these conditions, and can contribute to their criminalisation.

Children in the criminal justice system are innately vulnerable as a result of their age and level of developmental maturity. The United Nations Committee on the Rights of the Child (Article 37) identified that arrest and any detention of a child should "be used only as a measure of last resort and for the shortest appropriate period of time". In addition, General Comment 24 on juvenile justice, states that children with ND are significantly overrepresented in those who enter custody. The comment states that children with ND should have their needs identified whilst detained, but, foremost, should not be at risk of being imprisoned in the first place. Proper identification of their needs enables appropriate safeguards and accommodations to ensure the protection of their rights without discrimination. However, there are several systemic barriers faced by children with ND which result in their rights not being realised.

This expert meeting aims to identify how United Nations member states may protect the rights of children and young people with Neuro-disability (ND) who are in contact and/or in conflict with the law. Neuro-Disabilities may often underlie behaviours that are systemically criminalised. This meeting will present examples of policy and practice developments in this area – pre-judicial, judicial and in custody. Key experts in this field will provide examples of good practices, and we will establish a working group to encourage future innovations. The results of this expert meeting would not only improve lives of those affected, but also, we argue, reduce future crime.

Justification

Scientific research demonstrates that the number of people with ND is much higher amongst children and adults in the criminal justice system than in the general population. This is a whole-system problem: Children with ND are particularly vulnerable to childhood trauma, and to exploitation by organised crime groups. They are more likely to be taken into state care as children, more likely to be excluded from school, and may struggle to access appropriate healthcare. They may be taken into police custody, tried, and sentenced without any recognition of their needs and how they may impact behaviour. As a whole-system problem, we require whole-system responses. This starts with criminal justice professionals, but extends to legislation around education, health, and social care practices too.









Causal associations between TBI and violent crime have been shown in various international investigations. Children and young adults with neuro-disabilities and in particular TBI being three times more likely to be criminalised than the general population. Due to the lack of appropriate support, national authorities simply do not always have adequate procedures in place to ensure that children with neurological disabilities do not end up trapped in criminal justice systems, despite the fact that a neurological disability represents an increased and significant risk factor for this outcome. Not only do NDs increase risk of initial criminalisation, without proper understanding from prison staff they are at increased risk of harsher sanctions within prison (e.g. getting in trouble for forgetting an appointment, or being exploited by organised crime groups), and poorer rehabilitation outcomes (e.g. being re-criminalised for forgetting a probation appointment, or for not having the executive function ability to plan to get there).

In the criminal justice system, children with Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) are particularly over-represented. TBI occurs when the brain is subject to a blunt force or laceration, often caused by falls, accidents (including motor vehicle accidents), violence, and assaults. Evidence suggests that rates of any TBI in the general population are about 8-10%, with 2% having a moderate-severe TBI. Whereas, in incarcerated populations approximately 60% have a TBI of any severity, and 15% have a moderate-severe TBI likely to result in ongoing disability. Emerging evidence finds that these rates are even higher amongst women and girls. Typically more than half of people within the criminal justice system (secure facilities) are found to have some form of TBI involving a degree of "knock out". The greater (depth and time of) Loss of Consciousness (LoC) the more likely long-term problems are with cognition and behaviour. The majority of those with moderate to severe TBI (more than 20/30 minutes LoC) have persisting personality changes - for example being more irritable or with temper issues.

Another common neuro-disability is ADHD which research has found clinically diagnosed in 30 percent and 26 percent of the youth and adult prison populations respectively, which are significantly higher rates than the general population and there is substantial comorbidity with other problems, such as mental health and drug misuse. ADHD is often under- diagnosed in girls and women who are incarcerated. Such issues triple the risk of suicidality.

It is clear that a different strategy is needed to prevent children with neurodisabilities from becoming involved or trapped in the criminal justice system. A significant step forward in this regard would be greater awareness about neuro-disabilities within the group of professionals that come into contact with children in conflict with the law, including judges, magistrates, police officers, lawyers, probation officers, youth workers, in order to improve prevention and response.









- To highlight the need for judicial professionals to take into account Neurodisabilities in the management of children and young people in contact with the law, as recommended by the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.
- To make justice system professionals in contact with children accused of crimes or suspects of crimes and particularly those who sentence, - aware of the prevalence and impact of Traumatic Brain Injury & other NDs in children and adolescents.
- To understand the role of NDs in complicating existing trauma, and to enable adapting
 practice to account for deficits and difficulties that may be present following identified
 TBI.
- To enable Justice personnel in identifying possible ND in those on their caseload using screening tools.
- To encourage changes in justice systems by screening for TBI and comorbid NDs to enable better support of children and young people to reduce incarceration and crime.

Target audience

Suitable for professionals and support workers from the justice systems, child law, penal law, health and mental health backgrounds. Case workers, therapists, lawyers, judges, police officers, independent advocates, or any professional that works with children in conflict and in contact with the law.

Expected outcomes

- The basis for the elaboration of an agreement on how to account of Neurodisabilities in the management of children and young people before the law
- The definition of actions (e.g. screening and support) for justice officials to identify TBI and complicate existing trauma and then enable practice to evolve in the area.
- To establish a working group to encourage and share good practice across states for screening for TBI and better management of affected children.
- To propose the establishment of follow up mechanism for enhancing support in future for initiatives/ Call for action to end criminalisation of children with ND

Youth Experiential Learning Simulation (YExLS) (at Esplanade Pont-Rouge 2, 1212 Lancy, Switzerland. Monday 15 May, 10:00-12:00 hrs)

Take a walk in my shoes / See what I see / Hear what I hear / Feel what I feel

There is a gap between what systems are intended to provide for young people and how youth actually experience those systems. This is especially true for youth in the foster care, juvenile justice, and homelessness systems, who frequently have to navigate myriad referrals, rules, cultures, and biases to access the services they need in education, social services, courts, behavioural health, employment, and more.

The Youth Experiential Learning Simulation (YExLS) is an attempt to help bridge that gap. Developed by professionals who have worked in youth serving systems for decades in collaboration with youth with lived experience of those same systems and further refined









through the participation and feedback of judges, social workers, teachers, probation officers, and more, YExLS seeks to help participants get a better sense of what it is like to be youth navigating public systems while also pursuing their own dreams, following their own interests, and surviving their own traumas.

YExLS is gamified but is not a game. During a two hour session, participants spend roughly half the time navigating the room, pursuing the interests and goals of their assigned character. Each participant's experience in the simulation is unique. Like life, participants may find their way made easier or more complicated by their decisions or by chance.

The second half of the simulation is where we process, where we figure out what just happened, and where we start to game plan specific, real world solutions that we can take back with us to the real world.

When it really works, the community you make in the simulation will continue these conversations for months or years to come. Experience -> Diagnose -> Repair -> Iterate -> Share

Participants

Name	Organisation	Title	Interest Topic/Expertise
		Professor in Clinical	
	University of Exeter,	Neuropsychology,	
Huw Williams	UK	Psychology Dept.	
		Access to Justice (A2J)	
		Global Learning and	
		Advocacy Advisor	
		Global Initiative	
		Justice With Children	
		Coordinator World	
		Congresses &	
		Preparatory Meetings	
Cedric Foussard	Terre des hommes	Coordinator	
		Global Initiative on	Child-friendly justice,
		Justice With Children	child-centred justice,
Mariana Perez Cruz	Terre des hommes	consultant	digital justice
Brian Blalock	Youth Law Center	Senior Staff Attorney	Children's behavioural health services, juvenile justice and child welfare systems, youth legal entitlements.
Angela Vigil	Baker McKenzie	Pro Bono Partner and	Mental health services











		Exec. Director of	effect on representation,
		Global Pro Bono	trial advocacy and sentencing of children.
		Managing Director/	
		Consultant Paediatric	
	Haven Clinical	Clinical	
	Psychology Practice	Neuropsychologist/	brain injury acquired in
James Tonks	Ltd.	Clinical Psychologist	childhood.
	Thames Valley		
	Violence Reduction		Neurodisability and
Stan Gilmour	Unit	Director	criminal justice
	Rehabilitation		
	Department for		
	Children with acquired	Senior consultant in	
	neurological injury. Saint Maurice	Pediatric Physical	
	Hospitals, Saint	Medicine and	childhood acquired
Mathilde Chevignard		Rehabilitation	brain injury
	,		traumatic and acquired
			brain injury (and other
			neurodisabilities) in
Catherine Wiseman-		Assistant Clinical	children and youth. brain injury as a risk
Hakes	McMaster University	Professor	factor for criminalization.
	Eastern		
	Meditteranean		
	University/ Youth Re-		
	autonomy Foundation		Preventive NGO programs and early
Dilek Çelik	Turkey	Assistant Prof.	intervention
María Pilar			
CHIRIBOGA			Child delinquency
HURTADO	Terre des hommes	Clinic psychologist	prevention
	Torbay and South		
	Devon NHS	Speech and Language	TBI screening and
Gemma Creek	Foundation Trust	Therapist	response
	Penal Reform	Regional Director for	Children accused of
Taghreed Jaber	International	MENA	crimes
		Director of Behavioral	intersecting considerations of neuro-
	State of Colorado	Health & Medical	disability for those who
	(USA)/Division of	Services Division of	are involved in the
Ashley Tunstall	Youth Services	Youth Services	justice systemi
			Research into policy
Lucy Dawes	Canaciltant	الممامية مامية	1 1 *
	Consultant	Independent	making









	Specialist		crimes and suffering
			from mental health disorders
	University of	Principal Research	children in police
Vicky Kemp	Nottingham	Fellow	custody.
			impact of Neuro-
			disability on case outcomes for dual
	Children le Levy Centen		status youth involved in
Loui Cabusadan	Children's Law Center	Attorno	criminal and child
Lori Schroeder	of California	Attorney	welfare systems
Hone Kont	University of Exeter,	DhD Dosoorshor	Education, data,
Hope Kent	UK	PhD Researcher	screening
Varan Callian	International Child	Co dinoston	
Yann Colliou	Rights Institute	Co director	
	Office of the United		
Inches Consumes	Nations High	Consideration Child	
Imma Guerras	Commissioner for	Coordinator, Child	
Delgado	Human Rights	and Youth Rights Unit	collection and
			dissemination of
			information on the use
Florence Laufer	Prison Insider	Director	of imprisonment and
Ha Ryong Jung	T 113011 III3IdCI	Director	prison conditions
(Michael)		Child Rights Lawyer	
(iviidiaei)		Protection And	
Maria Bray	Terre des hommes	Psychosocial Manager	
mana Bray		Professor of the	
		Practice of Global	
	Havard T. H. Chan	Mental Health Global	
	School of Public	Health and	
Shekhar Saxena	Health.	Population	
			Media attention/
Anna Bertschy	Terre des hommes	Press Officer	coverage
			System strengthening approach, access to
			justice for children,
		Child Protection	inter-sectorial
Ina Verzivolli	UNICEF	specialist	collaboration and
IIIA VCIZIVOIII	JIVICEI	Deputy Director of	integration of services
Sophie Barbey	Terre des hommes	Operations	
	Office of the United	h	
Helen Griffiths	Nations High		











	Commissioner for Human Rights		
Marta Gil		Deputy Head Programme Access to Justice	Mental Health and Psychosocial responses, children in contact with the law, Intersectionality approaches.
Lourdes CARRASCO		Technical Advisor	
COLOM	Terre des hommes	Child Protection	

Online participants

Online participants			
	UNODC Global		
	Programme to End		
	Violence against		
Alexandra Martins	Children	Head of programme	
	Boyle Tricks Leonard		Youths / adults in the
Jodie Leonard	Ltd	Solicitor	criminal justice system
	Division of Youth		
	Services, Colorado		Children in detention
	Department of	Director of	Children in detention, special needs, trauma
Jonelle K. Sandel	Human Services	Psychological Services	informed methodologies
	Devon & Cornwall	Youth Justice	child centred policing,
Simon Hardwick	Police	Inspector	trauma informed methodologies
	. 666	Executive Director for	metriodologies
	Penal Reform	Penal Reform	
Olivia Rope	International	International,	
•		Applied Cognitive	
		Science and	
		Experimental	
	University of Cape	Neuropsychology	
Leigh Schrieff-Brown	Town, South Africa	Team	
			courtroom experience of
Avril Calder	IAYFJM/AIMJF	Former president	young offenders.
Maria João Leote de			
Carvalho	CICS.NOVA FCSH	Researcher	
		Justice For Children	
Grace Agcaoili	UNICEF	Global Lead	
Lucy Marie		Child Protection	
Richardson	UNICEF	Specialist	
	National Association	Director of Strategic	
Judy Dettmer	of State Head Injury	Partnerships	









	Administrators (UK)		
Valera, Eve M.	Harvard University		
		Chartered Director	
		and Head of the	
	University College	College of Business	
Ursula Kilkelly	Cork	and Law	
Ton Liefaard	Leiden University	Vice-Dean	
		Manager of the	
		Global Study	
		dissemination and	
	Global Campus of	follow-up initiation	
Manu Krishan	Human Rights.	activities	
	North Ireland		
	Commission for	Former Commissioner	
	Children and Young	for Children and	
Koulla Yiasouma	People	Young People	
	Cardiff University/	Honorary Professor	
Amanda Kirby	Do-IT Solutions	/CEO	

Programme

Monday 15 May

Online from 14:30 CET https://us06web.zoom.us/j/84741514455

Time	Description
9:00-10:00	TRAVEL TO BAKER MCKENZIE OFFICE Mini bus
10:00 -12:00	SIMULATION YELxS Baker McKenzie Office Geneva (Esplanade Pont-Rouge 2, 1212 Lancy, Switzerland) Angela Vigil - Pro Bono Partner and Executive Director of Global Pro Bono, Baker Mckenzie. USA Brian Blalock- Senior Staff Attorney, Youth Law Center. USA
12:00 - 13:30	TRAVEL TO BROCHER FOUNDATION Mini bus
13:30 - 14:30	RECEPTION LUNCH Brocher centre
14:30 - 15:00	WELCOME AND AGENDA FOR THE EXPERT MEETING Brocher centre









	Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Cédric Foussard - Global Initiative Justice With Children Coordinator, Terre des hommes Foundation. France Mariana Pérez - Global Initiative Justice With Children Project Manager, Terre des hommes Foundation. The Netherlands.
15:00 - 15:30	TOUR DE TABLE Conference room at the Brocher centre
	Each participant introduces themselves
15:30 - 15:45	COFFEE BREAK Brocher centre
15:45 - 16:30	YELXS FOLLOW-UP INTERACTIVE ACTIVITY Conference room Angela Vigil - Pro Bono Partner and Executive Director of Global Pro Bono, Baker Mckenzie. USA Brian Blalock- Senior Staff Attorney, Youth Law Center. USA Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Hope Kent - PhD Researcher – Advanced Quantitative Methods/Psychology,University of Exeter. UK
16:30 - 17:00	OBJECTIVE OF THE MEETING Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Cédric Foussard - Global Initiative Justice With Children Coordinator, Terre des hommes Foundation. France.
19:30	DINER & NETWORKING Villa Brocher

Tuesday 16 May

Online from 9:15 CET https://us06web.zoom.us/j/82449907308

Time	Description
8:30-9:15	REGISTRATION & WELCOMING COFFEE Brocher centre
9:15 - 9:30	INTRODUCTION Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK









	Cédric Foussard - Global Initiative Justice With Children Coordinator , Terre des hommes Foundation. France.
9:30 - 9:45	INAUGURATION Conference room Dr. Shekhar Saxena - Professor of the Practice of Global Mental Health, Harvard T H Chan School of Public Health. USA.
09:45 - 11:00	ROUNDTABLE 1: RESEARCH EVIDENCE ON CHILDREN WITH NEURODISABILITY IN CONTACT WITH THE LAW: SIZE AND SCOPE OF THE PROBLEM Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK (15 min) Hope Kent- Phd researcher, Exeter University. UK (15 min online) Roundtable Discussion- Reflection on the evidence base, discussion of whole - system exclusion and criminalisation (45 min in person and online) Comments: Professor Leigh Schrieff(online) and Lucy Dawes.
11:00 -11:15	COFFEE BREAK Brocher centre
11:15 - 12:30	ROUNDTABLE 2: UNMET CLINICAL NEEDS OF CHILDREN WITH NEURODISABILITY IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM. Conference room Prof. Catherine Wiseman-Hakes- Assistant Clinical Professor, McMaster University. Canada (15 min) Dr. James Tonks- Consultant Paediatric Neuropsychologist, Haven Clinical Psychology. UK (15 min) Roundtable Discussion- How can unmet clinical needs lead to harsher sanctions in prison/probation/court rooms? How do comorbid needs have an impact? (45 min in person and online) Comments: Ashley Tunstall, Dr. Jonelle Sandel(online), M.D. Mathilde Chevignard and Gemma Creek
12:30 -13:30	RECEPTION LUNCH Brocher centre
13:30 - 14:45	ROUNDTABLE 3: RESPONSES TO CHILDREN WITH NEURODISABILITY FROM THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM. Conference room Stan Gilmour - Director Violence Reduction Unit, Thames Valley Police. UK (15 min) Dr Vicky Kemp- Principal Research Fellow, University of Nottingham. UK (15 min) Roundtable Discussion- What can bodies in the criminal justice system do differently? How do we incite change? (45 min) Comments: Lori Schroeder, Brian Blalock, Jodie Leonard(online)
14:45 - 15:00	COFFEE BREAK Brocher centre
15:00- 16:30	ROUNDTABLE 4: JUDICIAL AND LEGAL INSTRUMENT TO REDUCE CRIMINALISATION OF CHILDREN WITH NEURODISABILITIES









19:30	DINER & NETWORKING Villa Brocher
16:45-17:00	CONCLUSIONS AND CLOSING Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Cédric Foussard - Global Initiative Justice With Children Coordinator, Terre des hommes Foundation. France Sophie Barbey- Deputy Director of Operations, Terre des hommes Foundation. Switzerland
16:30-16:45	REFLECTIONS OF THE DAY Conference room Angela Vigil - Pro Bono Partner and Executive Director of Global Pro Bono, Baker Mckenzie. USA
	Conference room Imma Guerras Delgado- Coordinator, Child and Youth Rights Unit, OHCHR. Austria (Moderator) Valerie Chmara - Psychosocial Support Specialist, UNODC. Austria (15 min) Prof. Ursula Kilkelly- Chartered Director and Head of the College of Business and Law, University College Cork. Ireland (15 min online) Prof. Ton Liefaard - Full Professor of Children's Rights, Leiden University. The Netherlands (15 min online) Roundtable Discussion- Levers for international change, barriers to policy change (30 min) Comments: Ina Verzivolli

Wednesday 17 May (In-person and online)

Online from 9:00 CET https://us06web.zoom.us/j/85671822845

Time	Description
9:00 - 9:15	INTRODUCTION TO FINAL DAY - FUTURE DIRECTIONS Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Cédric Foussard - Global Initiative Justice With Children Coordinator, Terre des hommes Foundation. France.
9:15 - 10:30	CALL TO ACTIONS: REFLECTING ON SHAPING THE POLICY CONTEXT FOR CHILDREN Conference room Moderator: Prof. Catherine Wiseman-Hakes- Assistant Clinical Professor, McMaster University. Canada Prof. Jennifer Davidson - Executive Director The Institute for Inspiring Children's Futures University of Strathclyde. Scotland (15 min online)
10:30 - 10:45	COFFEE BREAK Brocher centre









10:45 - 12:15	WORKING GROUPS Conference room Prof. Huw Williams - Professor in Clinical Neuropsychology, Exeter University. UK Marta Gil - Deputy Head Justice Programmes, Terre des hommes Foundation. Switzerland
12:15- 12:30	CONCLUSION AND THANK YOUS Conference room
12:30- 13:30	RECEPTION LUNCH Brocher centre

Suggested bibliography

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- 2. Kent H, Kirby A, Leckie G, Cornish R, Hogarth L, Williams W (2023). Looked after children in prison as adults: life adversity and neurodisability. International Journal of Prisoner Health
- 3. Position Paper Children and Young People with Neuro-Disabilities in the Criminal Justice

 System <a href="https://psychology.exeter.ac.uk/documents/CYP_with_Neurodisabilities_in_the_CJS.pdf#:~:text=Neuro-disabilities%20can%20result%20in%20problems%20with%20memory%20and,to%20benefit%20from%20traditional%20forms%20of%20forensic%20rehabilitation.1
- 4. www.yexis.com
- 5. Reimagine Justice (UNICEF, 2021)
- 6. Young people with acquired brain injury: Preventing entrenchment in the criminal justice system Gaye Lansdell, Bernadette J Saunders and Anna Eriksson
- 7. What were they thinking? A discussion paper on brain and behaviour in relation to the justice system in New Zealand Dr Ian Lambie Chief Science Advisor for the Justice Sector Date: 29 January 2020
- 8. Williams, W.H., Chitsabesan, P., Fazel, S., McMillan, T., Hughes, N., Parsonage, M., & Tonks, J. (2018) Traumatic Brain Injury: A potential cause of violent crime? Lancet Psychiatry. DOI: 10.1016/S2215-0366(18)30062-2.
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- 15. V. Kemp and N. Carr (2023) 'A Child's Journey through Police Custody and Their Legal Rights' in E. Johnson (ed) Covid-19 and Criminal Justice (London: Routledge).
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- 18. V. Kemp (2020) 'Digital Legal Rights: Exploring Detainees' Understanding of the Right to a Lawyer and Potential Barriers to Accessing Legal Advice' (2020), Criminal Law Review.
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- 28. Criminal/Juvenile Justice best practice guides, screening instrument suggestions, staff training, and tip sheets developed through the National Association of State Head Injury Administrators (NASHIA) https://www.nashia.org/cj-best-practice-guide-attachments-resources-copy
- 29. Peritaje Psicologico DE JUAN Fernando Hermosa (ES) https://www.studocu.com/ec/document/universidad-central-del-ecuador/psicologia-juridica-y-psiquiatria-forense/peritaje-psicologico-de-juan-fernando-hermosa/43400810
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